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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ,	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/936,820	10/23/2001	Lars Johnsen	66386-372-7	1479
25269	7590 12/30/2005		EXAMINER	
DYKEMA GOSSETT PLLC			ELOSHWAY, NIKI MARINA	
	FRANKLIN SQUARE, THIRD FLOOR WEST 1300 I STREET, NW			PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			3727	· -

DATE MAILED: 12/30/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Thin				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	09/936,820	JOHNSEN, LARS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Niki M. Eloshway	3727				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statution and the set of the set of the maximum statutory period. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be not will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froute, cause the application to become ABANDON	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06	October 2005.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□ Th	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.					
	, possession as to the monte to					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 41-55 is/are pending in the applicati 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 41-49 and 52-55 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 50 and 51 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination is objected to by the Examination is objected.	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ection is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica fority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail I 3) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 49 and 52-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Geiger (U.S. 4,473,163) in view of Lecinski (GB 2,122,178) and Acton (U.S. 3,006,493). Geiger teaches a lid assembly 1 comprising an outer lid 2 and an inner lid 3. The outer lid consists of a top part between lead lines 17 and 18, a cylindrical collar at 24, threads 5 and 6, and a single inwardly extending protrusion 23b. Geiger does not teach the third layer of the inner lid nor does Geiger teach the inner lid being planar. Lecinski teaches that it is known to provide an inner lid with a third layer having a lower friction coefficient (see lines 47-52 of page 2). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the lid assembly of Geiger with the inner lid having a third layer, as taught by Lecinski, in order to protect the metal.

Geiger teaches that the inner lid can be substantially planar, as shown in figure 8. Actor teaches that it is known to provide a inner lid which is planar (see element 6). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the modified lid assembly of Geiger with the inner lid being completely planar, as taught by Acton, in order to simplify the manufacturing process by eliminating more complicated outlines.

The outer lid of Geiger also includes protrusions 23a, c and d. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the lid assembly of Geiger without protrusions 23a, c and d, since it has been held that omission of an element and its function in a

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combination where the remaining elements perform the same functions as before involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184.

Claims 49 and 52-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Geiger (U.S. 4,473,163) in view of Hayes (U.S. 5,839,592) and Acton (U.S. 3,006,493). Geiger teaches a lid assembly 1 comprising an outer lid 2 and an inner lid 3. The outer lid consists of a top part between lead lines 17 and 18, a cylindrical collar at 24, threads 5 and 6, and a single inwardly extending protrusion 23b. Geiger does not teach the third layer of the inner lid nor does Geiger teach the inner lid being planar. Hayes teaches that it is known to provide an inner lid with a third layer having a lower friction coefficient (see col. 4 lines 9-20). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the lid assembly of Geiger with the inner lid having a third layer, as taught by Hayes, in order to protect the metal.

Geiger teaches that the inner lid can be substantially planar, as shown in figure 8. Actor teaches that it is known to provide a inner lid which is planar (see element 6). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the modified lid assembly of Geiger with the inner lid being completely planar, as taught by Actor, in order to simplify the manufacturing process by eliminating more complicated outlines.

The outer lid of Geiger also includes protrusions 23a, c and d. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the lid assembly of Geiger without protrusions 23a, c and d, since it has been held that omission of an element and its function in a combination where the remaining elements perform the same functions as before involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Karlson*, 136 USPO 184.

4. Claims 41-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Geiger in view of Hayes and Acton, as applied to claim 55 above, and further in view of Osip et al. (U.S. 4,991,731). The modified lid assembly of Geiger discloses the claimed invention except for the metal being aluminum.

Osip teaches that it is known to provide an inner lid with aluminum (see col. 4 lines 53-68). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the modified lid assembly of Geiger with the metal being aluminum, as taught by Osip, to give the inner lid the rigidity characteristic of aluminum.

Regarding claims 42 and 43, it also would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the modified lid assembly of Geiger with the first layer being low density polyethylene, as taught by Hayes (col. 4 lines 21-30), to allow the first layer to conform to any irregularities of the container opening.

Regarding claims 44-48, it also would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the modified lid assembly of Geiger with the third layer being polyethylene, as taught by Hayes (col. 4 lines 9-20), to protect and provide additional strength to the inner lid.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 50 and 51 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

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7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office

action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is

reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from

the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing

date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH

shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action

is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX

MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Niki M. Eloshway whose telephone number is 571-272-4538. The examiner can normally

be reached on Thursdays and Fridays 8 a.m. to 4 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Nathan Newhouse can be reached on 571-272-4544. The fax phone number for the organization where

this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Miki M. Eloshway

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Niki M. Eloshway Patent Examiner